

N.C. Division of Public Health:

Crabtree Creek Fish Consumption Advisory



Carp



Catfish



Largemouth bass

Eat no more than one meal a month of carp, catfish, and largemouth bass from Crabtree Creek.

High levels of chemicals called PCBs have been found in carp, catfish, and largemouth bass from Crabtree Creek.

Health Effects of PCBs

Eating more than one meal a month of carp or catfish from Crabtree Creek may increase a person's risk of developing cancer, infection, or skin problems including cracked fingernails. The babies of pregnant or nursing women who eat these fish may experience learning deficits.

For more information

If you have questions about these fish advisories, contact Dr. Luanne Williams, N.C. Division of Public Health, at 919-707-5912. Those with questions about the environmental investigation can contact Mr. Luis Flores with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, at 404-562-8807.



North Carolina Division of Public Health

Dr. Leah Devlin, State Health Director