INSTRUCTIONS FOR LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT STAFF ONLY
Use the approved language in this standing order to create a customized standing order exclusively for your agency.
Print the customized standing order on agency letterhead. Review standing order at least annually and obtain Medical Director’s signature.
Standing order must include the effective start date and the expiration date.

Assessment
Subjective Findings
The following subjective criteria meet the requirement for an STD Enhanced Role Registered Nurse (STD ERRN) to collect a GC culture by standing order:

- Urethral or Vaginal discharge
- Dysuria
- Intrameatal itching
- Asymptomatic but reports sexual exposure via oral, vaginal, penile or anal intercourse
- New or multiple sex partners
- Lack of condom use
- Anonymous sex
- Reports contact to: Chlamydia (CT), Gonorrhea (GC), Non-Gonococcal Urethritis (NGU), Pelvic Inflammatory Disease (PID), Mucopurulent Cervicitis (MPC), or Trichomonas vaginalis (TV)

Objective Findings
If one or more of these clinical findings are present, the STD ERRN should collect a GC culture by standing order:

1. male client with penile discharge or complaint of penile discharge, dysuria, or intrameatal itching
   Note: Before swabbing, if a discharge is not present on the examination, ask the client to milk the penis to increase the yield of available organisms.
2. male client reports dysuria, intrameatal itching or penile exposure within last 60 days and cannot produce a discharge during the clinic visit.
   Note: If available, offer urine-based NAAT (see CT/GC NAAT lab standing order.)
   If urine NAAT is NOT available, recommend Gram Stain and urethral GC culture.
3. asymptomatic female client requesting a STD screen
4. verified contact to a person with GC at site(s) of exposure(s) within last 60 days, or exposure at the time of their last sexual encounter if greater than 60 days
5. male or female client with a history of sexual exposure to the mouth, penis, vagina, or rectum within last 60 days, it is best practice to collect extra genital testing based on exposure alone. However, it is strongly recommended to test MSM at all sites of reported sexual exposure (rectal, urethral and/or oropharyngeal) within the last 60 days.
6. male or female client with a history of sexual exposure of the mouth or rectum who is complaining of symptoms at the site or abnormal findings on exam at the site, should be tested
7. returning client needing a Test Of Cure (TOC) because (s)he recently received an alternative treatment for a previous pharyngeal GC infection
   * TOC is not recommended for uncomplicated urogenital or rectal GC treated with first line or an alternative regimen.

Plan of Care
Implementation
A registered nurse or STD ERRN employed or contracted by the local health department may order a GC culture for any oral, vagina, penile or rectal specimen collected by the STD ERRN or other medical provider.

Nursing Actions
A. Specimen Collection by STD ERRN:
   1. To collect a pharyngeal culture specimen:
      a. culture plates must be at room temperature prior to use
      b. place the client’s data label and specimen collection site on the GC culture plate
c. use a Dacron® or rayon sterile swab with a plastic or wire shaft. Do not use cotton tips or wood shafts, as these may be toxic or inhibitory to GC growth. Gently swab the back of the throat and tonsillar crypts for 10 seconds, if the client can tolerate
d. roll the swab in a large “Z” pattern on the culture plate and cross streak
e. place the specimen in an OSHA approved container to transport to the lab
f. place culture plate in a CO² enriched candle jar or directly into a CO² incubator within 15 minutes
g. if a candle jar is used, place the candle jar in an incubator set at 36ºC + 1º within an hour

2. To collect a male urethral GC culture:
   a. **if no discharge is present** at the meatal opening, wait at least one hour after client has urinated to collect specimen
   b. culture plates should be at room temperature prior to use
   c. place the client’s data label and specimen collection site on the GC culture plate
d. use a sterile calgiswab to collect a sample of the discharge
e. insert the tip of the swab 1-2 cm into the meatal opening and gently rotate for 3-5 seconds
f. **if discharge is present** at the meatal opening, use a Dacron® or rayon sterile swab with a plastic or wire shaft to collect discharge; thus avoiding having to insert any swab into the urethra. Do not use cotton tips or wood shafts, as these maybe toxic or inhibitory to GC growth
g. roll swab in a large “Z” pattern on the culture plate and cross streak
h. place the specimen in an OSHA approved container to transport to the lab
   i. place culture plate in a CO² enriched candle jar or directly into a CO² incubator within 15 minutes
   j. if a candle jar is used, place the candle jar in an incubator set at 36ºC + 1º within an hour
   **Note:** You may use the same urethral swab to prepare both the Gram stain slide and gonorrhea culture plate. It is not necessary to collect individual swabs for each test. Gram stain should be prepared first and then streak the culture plate.

3. To collect the vaginal gonorrhea culture specimen on a **NON-pregnant** client:
   **Note:** all non-pregnant clients qualify for NAAT testing via the NCSLPH criteria. Use GC culture only when NAAT testing is not available or suspect treatment failure
   a. culture plates should be at room temperature prior to use
   b. place the client’s data label and specimen collection site on the GC culture plate
c. insert a Dacron® or rayon sterile swab with a plastic or wire shaft into the posterior fornix (vaginal pool) and allow 15-30 seconds to elapse to allow secretions to be absorbed. Do not use cotton tips or wood shafts, as these maybe toxic or inhibitory to GC growth
   **Note:** Cleaning the cervix of mucus is not critical to collecting the gonorrhea culture specimen.
d. remove swab and roll swab in a large “Z” pattern on the culture plate and cross streak
e. place the specimen in an OSHA approved container to transport to the lab
f. place culture plate in a CO² enriched candle jar or directly into a CO² incubator within 15 minutes
g. if a candle jar is used, place the candle jar in an incubator set at 36ºC + 1º within an hour

4. To collect the vaginal gonorrhea culture specimen on a **PREGNANT** or **POSSIBLY PREGNANT** client:
   **Note:** all pregnant clients qualify for NAAT testing via the NCSLPH criteria. Use GC culture only when NAAT testing is not available or suspect treatment failure
a. culture plates should be at room temperature prior to use
b. place the client’s data label and specimen collection site on the GC culture plate
c. insert a Dacron® or rayon sterile swab with a plastic or wire shaft into vagina and allow 15-30 seconds to elapse to allow secretions to be absorbed. Do not use cotton tips or wood shafts, as these maybe toxic or inhibitory to GC growth
d. remove swab and roll swab in a large “Z” pattern on the culture plate and cross streak
e. place the specimen in an OSHA approved container to transport to the lab
f. place culture plate in a CO2 enriched candle jar or directly into a CO2 incubator within 15 minutes
g. if a candle jar is used, place the candle jar in an incubator set at 36°C + 1° within an hour

5. To collect a rectal specimen:
   a. culture plates should be at room temperature prior to use
   b. place the client’s data label and specimen collection site on the GC culture plate
   c. insert sterile a Dacron® or rayon sterile swab with a plastic or wire shaft into the anal canal 2-3 cm, pressing laterally to avoid fecal matter. Do not use cotton tips or wood shafts, as these maybe toxic or inhibitory to GC growth
d. allow secretions to be absorbed for 15 - 30 seconds
   e. remove swab and roll swab in a large “Z” pattern on the culture plate and cross streak
   f. if there is significant fecal matter on the swab, discard and collect another specimen pressing laterally
g. place the specimen in an OSHA approved container to transport to the lab
h. place culture plate in a CO2 enriched candle jar or directly into a CO2 incubator within 15 minutes
i. if a candle jar is used, place the candle jar in an incubator set at 36°C + 1° within an hour

B. Interpretation of Lab Findings
   1. growth on vaginal or urethral cultures can be identified by qualified laboratory staff at the local health department
   2. all growth on pharyngeal or rectal cultures should be identified according to local laboratory policy (i.e. reference lab, qualified local lab staff or the NCSLPH)
   3. Positive Findings – Isolation of typical gram-negative, oxidase-positive diplococci (presumptive Neisseria gonorrhoeae) from a clinical specimen
   4. Negative Findings – No growth, Not found or No Neisseria gonorrhoeae isolated

Criteria for Notifying the Medical Provider
- acute abdominal tenderness or rebound tenderness on exam
- adnexal tenderness on exam
- cervical motion tenderness on exam
- sustained cervical bleeding on exam or ANY reported vaginal spotting/bleeding by a pregnant client
- scrotal pain or swelling
- oral temperature ≥ 101° F.
- contact the medical director or medical provider, if there is any question about whether to carry out any provision of the standing order.
- contact the medical director or medical provider, if there is any concern of treatment failure. Special testing arrangements for drug resistance may be indicated. The medical provider should consult the state HIV/STD Medical Director to evaluate the need for resistance testing and the medical provider will be required to write an individual order for the retesting and treatment these client(s).
Follow Up

- Treatment should occur within 14 days of the positive culture report.
- Document all attempts of follow-up on clients who meet GC case definition in accordance with local policy and state guidelines.
- Gonorrhea is reportable in NC EDSS within 30 days of diagnosis.

Approved by: ___________________________ Date approved: ____________
Local Health Department Medical Director

Reviewed by: ___________________________ Date reviewed: ____________
Director of Nursing/Nursing Supervisor

Effective Date: ______________
Expiration Date: ______________

**Legal Authority:** Nurse Practice Act, N.C. General Statutes 90-171.20(7)(a)(e)(f)&(8)(c)